

- a. The commanding officer is a Russian lieutenent colonel who wears Russian uniform. (Until April 1946, the commanding officer was Lt. Cel. Kulchinski, a Russian, about 45 years old.)
- b. The Chief of Staff of the unit is Major Michalsk, who is about 38 years old, and who supposedly was in the Polish Army before the war. He comes from the vicinity of Octros Wielkopolski. Up to March 1946, he was commanding officer of the WO! Sector No. 3.
- c. The Chief of Signals of the unit is Major Rusakevich, a Russian, about 30 years old, who weers Polish uniform.

The composition of WOF wait No. I is as follows:

Saklarska Poreba - WOP Sector No. 1 Lessa - WOP Sector No. 2 Rychwald - WOP Sector No. 3

Zgorrelice - WOP Sector No. 4

WOP Sector No. 5

A sector corresponds to a battalion.

- 2. Rychwald: WOP Sector 10 No. 3. A certificate of military service, issued in May 1946, contains the following particulars:
 - 1. Heading: Militery unit No. 52158.

25X1A9a

2. A round stamp with an eagle: Military unit No. 1762.

The strength of the sector is about 200 men;

- 1. The commanding officer is Identenant Mladyslaw Materman (?), a Pole from the Wilm district, about 25 years of age.
- 2. His deputy for political matters is Lieutenant Czapczynski, a Pole from
 Western Poland (Wielkopolska), who enlisted in the Polith Army beyond the
 River Bug, where he was become of wartime conditions. About 25 years old.
 In consequence of a recent modely, sacrident, he was replaced by a Captain from
 Lator. CLASSIFICATION SECRET

SPDF X A DEP. FBT ADSO SPDS DADSO FBV FBK 25X1A9a 1999/09/08 CIA-RDP82-0 hpproved For Release **0440004-0** CONTROL PLANS

Approved For Release 1999/09/08 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000300440004-0 25X1A2g

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

w 2 w

- 3. The Deputy commanding officer for Field Service is Captain Henzlik, a Jew, about 23 years old. In July 1946 he was transferred to Luban, where he is training recruits of the 1925 class.
- 4. The Chief of Staff is Lieutenant Wroblewski, about 35 years old. He was a Lieutenant before the war. At the beginning of August 1939 he described while on leave. (Captain Rudenko, a Russian, was Chief of Staff before him. He was transferred to WOP Unit No. I, and appointed Chief of Staff).
- 5. The Deputy Chief of Staff, 2nd Lt Charlevicz, comes from Podole (Southeastern Poland). He is about 26 years of age.
- 6. Chief of Intelligence: 2nd Lt Jagodzinski, since August 1946. He supervises the work generally, and concentrates on questions concerning the civilian population).
- 7. Intelligence officer: 2nd It Juszczynski, probably from Warsaw, about 20 years old. He deals with purely military matters, such as discipline over the soldiers and manning of posts.
- 8. The so-called 1st Intelligence officer, 2/Lt Kulma, from the Lublin district, is about 21 years old. He deals with civilians crossing the frontier and less important cases.
- The investigating officer, 2nd Lt. Boleslaw Karlaszewski, is supposed to come from Upper Silesia (Katowice); a member of Marshall Rola Army, about 21 years old.
- 10. Chief of the Secret Office: 2nd Lt Klucznik, from east of the Bug, about 23 years of age.
- 11. Chief of the General Office: 2nd Lt Popiel from the neighborhood of Tarnopol, about 21 years old.
- 12. Quartermaster: Captain Makasin, a Russian, about 30 years old. He usually wears Russian uniform, but occasionally Polish uniform.
- 13. Administrative Flatoon: 2nd Lt Szelingier.
- 14. Commander's Flatoon (Hilitary Police): Sergeant Halkowski. The strength of the platoon is 12 men.
- 15. Chief of Signals: 2nd Lt Czeslaw Gajowlak from the Lublin district, about 30 years old.
- 16. C.O. Signals Platoon: 2nd Lt Deren from the Tarnopol district, about 24 years old. He is a tailor by profession. The establishment of the Signals Platoon comprises 12 NCOs and 26 ORs. The real strength however, amounts to four NCOs and 12 ORs.

The signals equipment is as follows:

1. Equipment in store:

Eight transmitter-receivers "RSB 13" (the range of working is 28 km while using the key, and about 15 km when the radio telephone is used). They are of the

CONSTRUCT CONTROL
US OFFICERALS PAR

Approved For Release 1999/09/08 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000300440004-0 25X1A2q

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

- 3 -

Imapsack type. The wireless sets are weak. The power is drawn from the accumulator, which is fitted into the box-knapsack. One man operates a radio set.

One switchboard with eight extensions.

Six field telephone sets, four of the Russian type and two of the Cerman type).

Twelve drums of cable (Bussian and German) about seven km long.

- 2. Equipment which has been installed: One telephone switchboard having 16 extensions; all of then are in use. This equipment is of a German type. Also 16 field sets of a Russian type.
- 4. The sector is divided into five posts (straznica):

No., 11 - Krolewszczyzna (Konigsheim)

No. 12 - Magesdorf

No. 13 - Zagorze

No. 14 - Hirschfeld (Jelenia Gora)

No. 15 - Pogorze, by the main road from Rychwald to Szymbark.

Posts No. 11 and 12 are situated at the Czechoslovak frontier. Post No. 13 is at the spot where the Czechslovak and German frontiers meet. Posts No. 14 and 15 are at the German frontier.

Each post controls a sector about eight to twelve kn long. Its strength amounts to 30-35 men.

5. Since August 1946, the soldiers' pay per 10 days has been raised. It amounts at present to:

A soldier specially employed is granted additional pay amounting to 35-50 zlotys, according to the nature of his employment. If he carries out duties for which a higher rank is allowed in the table of organization, he gets the pay of the higher rank; e.g. a radio-operator having the rank of corporal but carrying out the duties of a sergeant receives:

A corporal's pay - 300 zlotys

Difference between corporal's and sergeant's pay - 50 "

Special employment pay - 40 "

Total: 390 "

US OFFICIALLY ALT

Approved For Release 1999/09/08: CIA-RDP82-00457R000300440004-0